Previous references. 1893-9; ~~190~~. (police,)

File No. 196 of 1894

Serial Nos. 1804.

Later references.

(25)

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 1804

Majors ~~Part~~ B. for December 93.

SUBJECT.

Modification of the Notification re- the no of marks to be obtained for passing the examn abo prescribed for Jemadars & Inspectors.

1. From the I.G. of Pol:- 20.7.93.
No. 2410/30 Submits the results of the Examination for Police Inspectors & Jamedars held in May Last.

2. To ——,, —— . 7.8.93.
No. 2687/ JFS 3.92. Requests to submit information on certain points

G. R. S. 58

No: 541/72 Informs that a written examination was held & forwards a set of question papers.

To Dy: Comr: of Pols: 21.12.98.
No: 9826-34
Dt: 5.8.92

Observes that it is undesirable to fix a minimum for each subject separately & to effect certain alterations re the no. of marks to be obtained to secure a pass in the Examination prescribed for Jamedars & Police Inspectors.

Indexed

Balmukund Rao

(2)

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE (28)

(1)

I

There are 3 points on which the Inspector General of Police solicits orders.

(1) The Minimum required for passing the Examination for Police Inspectors and Jemadars" as fixed by Notification 563/16 of 27th Aug 1892. was one third of the full marks in each subject and one half on the whole. But Mr Madhava Rao forwarding a list of the candidates who passed the Examination held in Mysore requests that, Considering the high standard of the ~~high~~ examination the minimum above stated may ~~be prescribed for pass in the~~ ~~Second class and that a Candidate~~ ~~may be held to have passed in~~ ~~the Second class who gets~~ 1/4 of the full marks in each subject and 1/3 on the whole. Being requested to forward Questions papers and to furnish some information as to who were the

240/30 of 20th July 1893

be lowered so that Candidates may be considered to have passed who have succeeded in obtaining ~~1/3~~ 1/4 th

2 names which will, candidates who will, benefitted by this concession he has placed in "Second class" in the list -

2

examiners &c. Mr Madhava Rao has forwarded † Certain copies of printed questions papers and has given the required information. The examiners were Messrs Baba Rao, Hamdie, Knight, Devaraj Urs, and Ramanujachangar.

† see sl. 2 of Pol file nos 412 of 92-3.

(2). In his letter no † 3561/419 of 31st May 1893, the Inspector General submitted certain proposals for the sanction of the Govt and which the Govt sanctioned †; among others, to give instructions to the Students trained for Inspectors and Jemadars Work, lessons in Surveying and Drawing (The Chief Engineer may it was hoped, be able to lend a competent officer for this purpose on a salary of Rs 60 to 80 pr month) and to ~~teach Something of Carpentry~~ engage a Carpenter Master on at least 15 Rs

541/72 of 10th Aug 1893

Camp J. 372-3 of 16/12/0

† see sl. 2 of Pol: F. 412 of 92-3.

Secret. 10 of Bd. F.
No. 200 of 93-4.

26/3 of 4th July 1893

a month for the Carpentry class formed for the Special Reserve Police. Consequently Mr Madhava Rao requests sanction to the entertainment of a competent man to teach Surveying and drawing a monthly salary of Rs. 60 & 80 (i.e not less than 60 nor more than 80), having been found impossible, to find a competent person, even though a pensioner, for less than Rs 60 a month

533/64 of 15th Aug 1893

(3) Mr Madhava Rao also requests, agreeably to the orders noted above, sanction for the entertainment of a Carpenter Maistry on 15 Rs a month to teach Carpentry to the men of the Special Reserve force.

Camp 372-3 of 16th June 1893

Submitted for orders - Mysore

22/8/93

The Surveyor & the Maistry & the tools are all covered by the Requisition already quoted & the Pass of 15 Rs already given - If the Rent be entertained it will be made - But the Abbas for this already sanctioned leads to the suspicion that there is a mistake in the Proposals

23/8/93

Orders

BT

Point I Mr Devenish
refers to Dfs
No 130 of 21 July last -
Read the last Affr
(No 521) on the
Subject

Points II & III Read papers
on the Subject pending with
Dfs No 1900 of 9/12/93
& say that the Surveyor
& Carpenter are
already included in the same.
items covered in Govt
Prom No 372-38 Mr Jamlad
& that no further
sanction of Govt is necessary.
The Head Mr
Mr Devenish is appd.

Point IV Read Dfs No
1274 of 12 Oct & Govt
Order as noted & the Devasthanam
Trustees -

Today

20/12

Sor
3 dr of 16
Ld Sd
HC

Rec'd

Halve Key
Ht Hon'ble Whites

1893. 157.

From The Inspector General of Police in Mysore.

SECTION Pol.

FILE NO. Pole of 93-4

SERIAL NO. 1

To The Chief Secretary to the Government of M

Dated 20th July 1893.

Despatched

Received

General No. 240/30

Enclosure. 1.

SUBJECT.

Submitting the results of the Examination for Police Inspectors and Jamedars held in May last.

---

class can alone be held to have passed the Examination

I.G. solicits modification of the Rules so as to bring in Candidates entered under 2 classes within the Category of passed Candidates. If the modification requested, be approved by Govt., retrospective effect will have to be given to

Subd for orders.

28.7.93

Refer subd
28/7/93

For what purpose required -
On what days were
the lectures held -
Who were the lecturers,
for the whole course or
for parts -
If parts a copy of
the programme under
which the lectures
were held

3/8.

Drafted
4/8/93

File No 53 containing
Notification quoted
within the letter was
noticed to Chief Secretary
General No 47/10 on 7-7-
93.
26/7.

Under the rules Sanctio
by Govt as they now stan
Candidates entered in the

Mysore Govt. C.Press, Bangalore.—27-8-92—500.

It is undesirable to fix a ~~standard~~
minimum for each subject, ~~for the~~
separately for the proposed 1st & 2nd classes

— Para 8 of the Notice

8.2 and 8.3 may be altered as
follows:-

Those Candidates who obtain
~~the~~ ¼ the No. of marks in each
subject ~~etc~~ will be declared
to have passed in the 1st class
if they have secured ½, ~~the latest~~
in the 2nd class if they
have secured ⅓, of the
total No. of marks in all
subjects. Candidates ~~failing~~
not obtaining ¼ of the No. of
marks in any subject or ⅓
of the No. of marks in all
subjects, ~~shall be~~ will be
considered to have
failed.

~~The~~ The last part of 8.2 will
~~therefore~~ be omitted
Candidates ~~etc~~ will be placed
in the Rule immediately
in which

240/30

(15)

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL OF POLICE IN MYSORE.

Dated Bangalore 20th July 1893

osure. /

From

The Inspector General of Police
in Mysore,

To

The Chief Secretary to the Govern
of Mysore.

SIR,

I have the honor to forward herewith a list of candidates who passed the Examination for Police Inspectors and Jamedars held in the month of May last.

2. Out of 58 candidates who underwent the Examinat 18 secured the minimums or fixed in para 8 of Notifica No. 563/16 dated 27th August 92. pas by me with the approval of ment, viz. one-third of th marks in each subject an on the whole, and these ha placed in the First Class. have obtained not less th of the full marks in ea and one-third on the

4

these are shewn in the second Class.

Considering that the examinations were of a high standard, I am of opinion that the minimum number of marks requisite to secure success may be lowered so as to include the candidates falling under the Second Class. I accordingly request you will be so good as to obtain the approval of Government to the above standard of efficiency being adopted.

I have further to add that all but one out of the 41 successful candidates have also passed the examination in drill and shooting.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient Servt

W. J. McLennan
Inspector-General
of P.S.

rsh

List of Candidates declared to have passed the Examination for Police Inspectors and Jamedars, held in Bangalore in May 1893.

Serial No.	NAMES.	Total Maximum marks 460. / Marks obtained.	REMARKS.
	First Class.		
1	S. Srinarasimha Sastry ...	320	*Has passed the Middle School Examination.*
2	G. Murudappa ...	318	
3	H. N. Raghavendra Rao ...	304½	*Matriculate.*
4	M. Devasikhamany Iyengar	296	*Do*
5	V. Damodaram Pillay ...	291½	*Do*
6	R. Sunder Rao ...	289	*Has passed the Upper Secondary Examination.*
7	K. Narayana Iyer ...	285	*Matriculate.*
8	Sanjeeva Rama Rao ...	277	
9	C. V. Puttanna ...	276	*Has passed the Middle School Examination*
10	T. S. Siddappa ...	273½	*Matriculate.*
11	M. N. Sreenivas Iyengar ...	273	*Do*
12	T. Ramaswamiah ...	265	...
13	S. Narasimha Iyah ..	261½	*Has passed the Middle School Examination*
14	E. Lewis ...	254	...
15	H. Subba Rao ...	251	*Has passed the Middle School Examination*
16	B. Narayana Iyengar ...	234½	
17	H. Kristnamachar ...	233½	...
18	K. Vasudeva Rao ..	233	*Has passed the Middle School Examination.*
	Second Class.		
19	C. Basappa ...	246	*Has passed the Middle School Examination*
20	Syed Gayasuddeen ...	244	...
21	K. Subba Rao ...	241	*Has passed the Middle School Examination*
22	T. Seshachar ..	240½	*Do*
23	K. Desikachar ...	235	*Matriculate.*
24	H. Appiah Gowda ...	232½	*Has passed the Middle School Examin in Canarese.*
25	N. R. Subrammani Iyer ...	218½	*Matriculate.*
26	J. Venkatagiri Iyer ...	218½	*Has passed the Middle School Examinat*
27	C. F. Walton ...	217½	...
28	J. Venkata Naranappa ...	215½	*Has passed the Middle School Examina*
29	M. Ramaseshiah ...	214½	*Do*
30	H. Krishna Rao ...	213	...
31	T. Kempanna ..	208½	...
32	N. Chendrasekhariah ...	203½	*Has passed the Middle School Examing*
33	M. Lakshmaniah ...	196	*Do*
34	B. Puttagangiah ...	194	...
35	Anantharama Iyengar ...	192½	*Matriculate.*
36	V. Rajagopalachar ...	191½	...
37	Lakshman Naik ...	183½	
38	P. Chenna Raju ...	183½	*Has passed the Middle School Examinat*
39	K. Gurumalliah ...	182½	*Matriculate.*
40	Y. Subba Rao ...	174	*Has passed the Middle School Examina*
41	B. Sabhapati Achari ...	169½	*Do*

N. B.— With the exception of B. Narayana Iyengar (No. 16) who was not pre all the above candidates have passed the examination in *drill and shooting*, and of V. Damodaram Pillay (No. 5) has passed with credit.

11*th July* 1893.
BANGALORE.

V. P. MADHAVA RAO,
Inspector General of Poli

V. B. Soobbiah & Sons, Printers, Bangalore.—1893.

Rules for the admission of candidates for the posts of Jamedar and Inspector

IN THE

MYSORE POLICE.

Under a Scheme framed by the Inspector General of Police which has received the sanction of Government, admissions to the grades of Jamedar and Inspector will in future be made from among those that have passed in the Criminal Codes and Police Rules and in drill and in the duties of a Station House Officer, as specified below.

2. To enable Candidates to qualify for the above grades, a class will be opened in connection with the Police School in Bangalore, in which Candidates will receive the necessary instruction and training. The class will be opened on or about the 3rd October 1892.

3. Applications from candidates desirous of joining the Police School should reach the Inspector General of Police on or before the 19th September 1892, accompanied by references as to character.

4. Applicants should be of good physique and at least 5 feet 6 inches in height. Age to be not less than 18 years and not over 25 years. Preference will be given to sons and relations of Officers in Mysore Government employ and of persons residing in the Province.

5. Applicants should present themselves before the Inspector General of Police at the Public Offices on the 22nd September 1892. They will be required to pass an examination (of the Middle School standard) in Reading and Dictation in Canarese, Arithmetic and Canarese composition. The Candidates thus selected by the Inspector General, when passed fit by the Senior Surgeon, will be admitted into the Police School.

6. The Students will be taught for 6 months in the following subjects :—

Penal Code.
Criminal Procedure Code.
Evidence Act.
Police Rules and Circulars
Drill and shooting
and the practical work of a Station House Officer.

7. As at present arranged, the class for instruction in Codes will be held in the room behind the Fort Police Station between 1 and 4 P. M. on week days, and for instruction in practical work and the duties of a Station House Officer, from 4 to 5 P. M.

Instruction in Drill will be given on the Drill ground in the Fort from 7 to 9 A. M.

8. The first examination will be held on the 1st April 1893, by a Board of Examiners to be appointed by the Inspector General of Police and those candidates that secure $\frac{1}{3}$ of the number of marks in each subject and $\frac{1}{2}$ the total number of marks, will be declared to have passed. Certificates will be granted to successful Candidates under the signature of the Inspector General of Police.

9. Such of the Candidates as have already passed the Criminal branch of the Local Service examination will be exempted from passing an examination in the Codes, but they will be required to undergo a course of instruction in Drill and practical training in Police work and to pass examination in them.

10. In future, nominations to the rank of Inspector and Jamedar will be made by the Inspector General of Police from the list of Candidates who have passed the above examination except in the case of men who are already in the Force and have put in a service of not less than 3 years and who on grounds of meritorious service may be recommended for promotion.

11. In making appointments, preference will be given to those that have passed the University Examinations or the Criminal Test of the Mysore Local Service.

BANGALORE,
27th August 1892.

V. P. MADHAVA RAO,
Inspector General of Police in Mysore.

V. B. Soobbiah & Sons, Printers, Bangalore,—1892.

1 3 [illegible] (17)

ENTER OF SCORE

No. 2656 877-893

To J. 7.53-92

SECTION The Inspector General of Police in Mysore

FILE No. Police 9

Dr. SERIAL No. 2 August 1893.

His letter No. 240/30 dy 20th ultimo, submitting results of the examination for Police Inspectors & Jamadars, held in May last, & recommending a modification of the Rules so as to ~~being no candidates entered in 2nd Class~~ cover the Standard fixed for a ~~within the category of~~ pass ~~Candidates~~

Has the honor to request the Inspector General to be so good as to submit information on the following points:-

(1) On what days were the Examinations held.

(2) Who were the Examiners

(General Serial No. 30.)

189

(3) Was the examination oral or written?

(4) If written, a copy of the question papers should be submitted.

B.O.

4/8/93

From The Chief Secretary to the Dewa of M

To

Dated

Despatched

Received

Enclosures No.

General No.

No.

Office of the Inspector General of Police in Mysore

No. 541/92 Ex:6. Dated Bangalore 15th August 189

Rep. No. 2072 / 1226 8/16/93

SECTION Pol. 2 From,

FILE No. 196 of 93 34 The Inspector General

of Police in Mysore.

SERIAL No. 3

To,

The Chief Secretary to the

Government of Mysore.

Sir,

With reference to your docket No. 2656 of the 7th instant, requesting certain information regarding the examination for Inspectors and Jemedars lately held at Bangalore I have the honor to inform you that a written examination was held and the particulars regarding the dates and names of the Examiners are given in the margin.

A set of printed question papers is also herewith forwarded.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most Obedient Servant,

[illegible]

Inspector General

of Police

Date.	Subjects.	Names of Examiners.
8th January 93	Drill and shooting.	Mr. C. Hawdin.

Date	Subjects	Names of Examiners.
23rd May 1893.	Criminal Procedure Code, medical jurisprudence.	Mr. S. Rama Rao B.A. Mr. C. Hawdin.
25th May 1893.	Evidence Act. Police Rules	Mr. N. Ramanujiengar. Mr. D. Devaraj Urs.
27th May 1893.	Indian Penal Code. Practical duties of S.I. Officer	Mr. J.W. Knight Mr. C. Hawdin.

10

THE MYSORE POLICE

Inspectors' and Jamedars' Examination.

CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE. Enclosure to ltr.

23rd May 1893.

TIME 3 HOURS.

I. Define the following terms:

(1) Complaint (2) Summons case (3) Investigation.

II. A Second class Magistrate sentences an accused to undergo rigorous imprisonment for three months and to pay a fine of Rs. 250, and in default of payment of fine to undergo rigorous imprisonment for a further term of three months. Is the sentence legal? Give reasons for your answer.

III. What are the duties imposed by the Code on a village headman in giving information of crime.

IV. How should a Police Officer act if an arrest is resisted?

V. When may the Police arrest a person without a warrant or order from a Magistrate?

How long may he be detained in Police custody without order of a Magistrate and what procedure should be followed if further detention is necessary.

VI. What is the procedure for securing the production of a telegram with the Telegraph authorities?

VII. In what cases and by whom can security be demanded for good behaviour? Briefly describe the procedure.

III. State the procedure of a Station House Officer on receipt of a complaint of a non-cognizable offence.

What should an investigating officer's Diary contain?

IX. What action can the Police take to prevent the use of false weights?

X. Draw out a Mahazar in a case of accidental death by drowning in a well.

XI. A by pledging as diamonds articles which he knows are not diamonds intentionally deceives Z and thereby dishonestly induces Z to lend him Rs. 1,000. Frame a charge against A.

XII. Note the points of difference in the trial of summons and warrant cases.

III. Explain when bail may be taken, when it must be taken and when it ought not to be taken.

THE MYSORE POLICE

Inspectors' and Jamedars' Examinati

Sue. doll 6.

MEDICAL JURISPRUDENCE.

rd May 1893.

IME 3 HOURS.

I. What is the first essential to establish at an inquest ?

II. State the chief points towards which a Police Officer should direct his enquiry in cases of alleged poisoning.

III. State generally the external appearances of the body in

) Cases of drowning.

) Death by hanging.

IV. What are the most important points a Police Officer holding an inquest should note in cases of

(i.) Alleged suicide by hanging.

(ii.) Suicide by throat cut.

V. Give the distinguishing features of a wound inflicted before and after death.

VI. State the main symptoms of

(i.) Datura poisoning.

(ii.) Poisoning by opium.

(iii.) Do. by arsenic.

VII. How is a suicidal wound generally distinguished from a homicidal one ?

VIII. A person is found dead and his body suspended. The question is whether death really took place from hanging or not. What is the *most important* external appearance that a Police Officer should enable this question to be determined ?

1893

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

JUDICIAL.

PROCEEDINGS.

Dated 21st *December* 1893.

Modifying para 8 of Notification, date
7th August 1893, by the Inspector Genera
f Police, *in re* the number of marks to b
btained for securing a pass in the Exa
amination prescribed for Jamadars an
Police Inspectors.

Mysore Govt. C. Press, Bangalore.—10-1-94.—12(

(30)

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Judicial),—dated 21st December 1893.

READ THE FOLLOWING :—

Letter No. 240—30, dated 20th July 1893, from the Inspector General of Police in Mysor forwarding a list of candidates who passed the examination for Police Inspectors ar Jamadars held in the month of May last and recommending that the minimum numb of marks requisite to secure success may be lowered so that candidates may l considered to have passed who have succeeded in obtaining $\frac{1}{4}$ of the full marks in eac subject and $\frac{1}{3}$ of the total number of marks in all the subjects.

Also letter No. 541—72, dated 15th August 1893, from the same, furnishing particular about the examination as called for in Government Proceedings No. 2656—J. F. 53-9 of the 7th August 1892.

No. 9826-34—J. F. 53-92, DATED, BANGALORE, 21ST DECEMBER 1893.

ORDER THEREON.—The Government observe that it is undesirable to fix a minimum for each subject separately for the proposed 1st and 2nd classes. Para 8 of the Notification, dated 27th August 1892, may be altered as follows :—

Those candidates who obtain $\frac{1}{4}$ of the number of marks in each subject will be declared to have passed in the 1st class if they have secured $\frac{1}{2}$, and in the 2nd class if they have secured $\frac{1}{3}$ of the total number of marks in all subjects. Candidates not obtaining $\frac{1}{4}$ of the number of marks in any subject or $\frac{1}{3}$ of the total number of marks in all subjects will be considered to have failed.

2. The Inspector General of Police will publish the list of passed candidates in accordance with the Rule modified as above.

T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

To—The Inspector General of Police in Mysore.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

12-5-93

THE MYSORE POLICE

Inspectors' and Jamedars' Examination

THE EVIDENCE ACT.

Evid.

25th May 1893.

TIME—3 HOURS.

Define the expression "Facts in issue."

What are the facts in issue in a case in which A is accused of the murder of B by beating him with a club?

Give three examples of "relevant" facts of which evidence may be given at the trial of A for the murder of B; and explain in what way they are connected with one another under the provisions of the Act as to relevancy.

In what circumstances is the mere possession of stolen goods sufficient evidence of theft?

What is the rule with regard to confessions made by a person while in custody of the Police? State an exception to the rule.

Under what limitations are dying declarations received in evidence?

What is meant by character?

In Criminal proceedings when would evidence of previous bad character be relevant?

Can a Police Officer be compelled to say whence he got any information as to the commission of any offence?

Explain the following terms:

(1.) Examination-in-chief.

(2.) Cross-examination.

(3.) Re-examination.

In what order are the above to be conducted and what are the uses of re-examination?

How may a witness refresh his memory as to the facts to which he speaks while under examination?

13

(2)

On the morning of the 1st April 1893, the Police Daffedar of a Station in a village Z is informed by a person A that a human body is floating in a public reservoir close by. On being questioned, A says that he knew the deceased who was a friend of his; that on the 29th March at about 2 P. M., he saw him leave his own village about 5 miles from Z after quarrelling with his wife and come to Z where he put up in the house of his uncle B; that on the night of the 30th March he heard that the deceased, together with B went to a toddy shop, and meeting some of his old enemies had a row after which they all left the shop. On the morning of the 1st April, hearing that a corpse was floating in the reservoir, A went to the spot and recognized it to be that of his friend.

(1.) How do you draw up the first information report in the above case and to whom is it to be sent?

(2.) Supposing both the Inspector and the Jamedar are away at places to return from which it would take at least 24 hours for the former and 6 hours for the latter, can any Police Officer of the Station hold the inquest without them in such a case?

THE MYSORE POLICE

Inspectors' and Jamedars' Exami

POLICE RULE

25th May 1893.

TIME 3 HOURS.

I. What are, ordinarily, the duties of a village Patel in relation to Police officers having jurisdiction over his village?

II. Can a village Patel, in any case, without any special order of a Magistrate take upon himself any duty that is usually done by a Police Officer?

III. Are there any cases in which private inhabitants of a village are bound to take part in Police duties.

A person commits murder in a village and is running away from the spot when he is observed by a Policemen who immediately gives chase. Finding, however, that he cannot apprehend the murderer single handed, he asks three persons A, B & C, inhabitants of the village, for help in catching him. A says that his mother is seriously ill and wants his immediate attendance at home. B says that he will not go with the Policeman as he is not paid for it and that it is no business of his. C refuses to accompany him from fear of being killed by the murderer who is carrying a dangerous weapon in his hand. The murderer eventually escapes. State if any or all of these three persons are liable to punishment and give reasons for your answers.

IV. What is the procedure to be followed by the Village and the Regular Police as to the disposal of unclaimed property?

V. How can a Police Officer or a Constable withdraw himself from the service? What is the penalty if he does not retire in the prescribed manner?

VI. How is a person opposing or disobeying the lawful orders of a Magistrate or Police Officer as regards the conduct of assemblies and public processions to the dealt with?

VII. State, if you know, of any use that can be made of the Special Diary by any person other than a Police Officer.

VIII. Under what circumstances is an A, B, or intermediate report sent? What is the chief difference between a B report and an intermediate report?

IX. What is meant by a 'cognizable case'? Does the mode of investigation of a 'non-cognizable case' by a Police Officer under the orders of a Magistrate differ in any respect from that adopted by him with respect to a 'cognizable case'?

THE MYSORE POLICE

Inspectors' and Jamedars' Examination.

INDIAN PENAL CODE.

27th May 1893.

TIME 3 HOURS.

Define the following expressions in conformity with the Code :—

(*a*) "Person" (*b*) "Public"

(*c*) "Judge" (*d*) "Court of justice"

(*e*) "Public servant" (*f*) "Moveable property"

(*g*) "Injury" (*h*) "Oath"

State when a person is said to have done a thing (1) "dishonestly" and (2) "fraudulently."

What are the different kinds of punishment to which offenders are liable under the Penal Code ?

State whether or not the following acts are offences, giving reasons for your answers :—

X, a Police Constable, is directed by a Magistrate in conformity with the law to use force in dispersing an unlawful assembly. In carrying out the order, he accidentally causes the death of a man in the assembly.

Y, in self defence, causes the death of Y. A believing Z to have committed murder, apprehends him and brings him before the proper authorities.

A is at work with a hatchet, the head of which he knows is insecure ; the head flies off and kills a person standing by.

A thatched house in a village is on fire ; the Police get information of the same and in order to prevent the conflagration from spreading, pull down the houses that are on the wind-ward side of the house on fire.

State briefly the law regarding the right of private defence of the body and property.

When a person said to abet an offence ?

What is the difference between "an affray" and "a riot" ?

Give the different kinds of hurt which are designated "grievous."

What is meant by kidnapping from lawful guardianship both as regards males and females, and what is understood by the words "lawful guardian" ?

Define theft and state the different kinds of theft mentioned and the punishment provided for the same in the Code ?

What is the difference between "theft" and "robbery," and "robbery" and "dacoity" ?

When does extortion become robbery ?

Give different examples of the offence of mischief

THE MYSORE POLICE

Inspectors' and Jamedars' Examination.

PRACTICAL DUTIES OF A STATION HOUSE OFFICER.

27th May 1893.

TIME 3 HOURS.

I. State generally the duties of a Station House Officer.

II. What is the main object of Beat duty?
State the duties of a Station House Officer with reference to this most important branch of Police work.

III. What are the principal points to be noted in preparing a Search Mahazar?
State what a Station House Officer should be very careful about before entering the premises to be searched.

IV. What is (i.) a Station House Report.
(ii.) a C. Form?

V. You are entrusted with a warrant for the arrest of a Railway Official; grave inconvenience will be caused by his arrest. How should you act?

VI. A charges B with theft of ornaments valued at Rs. 50 from the person of his child. C. & D. are witnesses who saw the accused running away with the property. Three of the jewels are found in B's house and the other three on his person. Write out briefly a special diary in this case.

VII. In the above case you arrest and charge the prisoner. Fill in the accompanying arrest report Form.

VIII. In filling up the heading "Steps taken to ascertain the truth" (of the complaint) in the counterfoil of the Register of 1st Information Reports, a Station House Officer notes that "he is proceeding to the spot to ascertain." Is this correct? If not, give reasons for your answer and state what should be noted under the heading referred to.

IX. What is the duty of a Station House Officer in the case of a person dying at a Railway Station or while travelling by rail?

X. What is the proper course to pursue when a ...n accused of robbery has taken refuge in Foreign (British) Territory

XI. A person is arrested and charge-sheeted on ...arge which is already entered in the crime Register, but is acquitted or convicted on another ... Under what heading of the Crime Return should this case be shown?

XII. A Police Constable seizes certain articles of ...ery found with a goldsmith suspecting reasonably that they formed a portion of the property stolen in a case of house-breaking and theft and produces them before his Station House Officer. The latter returns them to the goldsmith on the ground that there is no reason to suspect them to be stolen property and notes the circumstance in the Station House Report for the day. Is the action of the Station House Officer correct or not? If not how would you have acted and why?

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

Pol:

196 of 93-4

30

Read,

4

Letter no 240/30 dated

20th July 1893, from the

Inspector General of

Police, forwarding a

list of Candidates

who passed the exami-

nation for Police

Inspectors and Jamedars

held in the month of

May last and recommend-

ing that the minimum

number of marks requi-

site to secure success

may be lowered so

as to include the

candidates falling

under the second class.

that Candidates may be considered to have passed who have succeeded in obtaining 1/4 of the full marks in each subject and 1/3rd of the total number of marks in all the Subjects.

Read also letter no 5241/72 from the Dam. furnishing particulars about the Examination as called for in Govt. No 2656 J.7.53-92 of the 7th Aug 1893

Order thereon. No 9826-34 of 21.12.93
J.7.5-3-92 do

J 836.

The Govt

observe

obvious that it is un-
desirable to fix a
minimum for each
subject-separately
for the proposed 1st
and 2nd classes. ~~2nd~~
Para 8 of the Notification d/27th Aug/92
may be altered as
follows:-

Those candidates
who obtain 1/4 of the
No of marks in each
subject will be declared
to have passed in the
1st Class, if they have
secured 1/2 and in the
2nd Class if they have
secured 1/3 of the
total No of marks in all
subjects. Candidates
not obtaining 1/4 of
the No of marks in

any subject or 1/3 of
the total no of marks
in all subjects will
be considered to have
failed.

2. The Inspector General
of Police will publish
the list of passed
candidates in
accordance with the
the Rule modified
as above.

Print

Chief Secretary

To,

The Inspector
General of Police in
Myanmar.